

User Guide

SaBLE-x Simple Advertiser

Version 1.0



REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Notes	Approver
1.0	5/15/16	Initial Release	Chris Hofmeister

CONTENTS

1	Preface	4
2	Hardware Setup on the Sable-x Development Board.....	5
3	UART Protocol	5
4	Error Codes	7
5	Setting Indices	7
6	Loading the Firmware	9
7	Building the Project from Source Code.....	10
8	Appendix	11
	8.1. SIG AD Types.....	11
	8.2. iBeacon Overview.....	11
	8.3. Eddystone Overview.....	11
9	Contacting LSR/Laird.....	12

1 PREFACE

For the user to get the most out of the SimpleAdvertiser, the user should be familiar with the different advertisement types. Please see the Appendix for more information.

The Simple Advertiser firmware is designed so you can easily configure the SaBLE-x to be any one of the following types of beacons: iBeacon, Eddystone URL, Eddystone UID, or Custom.

There are only five IO used for the Simple Advertiser: Beacon Enable, UART Enable, Bootloader Enable, UART RX, and UART TX.

The Beacon Enable is an input with no pullup. It must be driven. It is active low.

The UART Enable is an input with a pullup. It is active low. Note: once configured, and not intending to use UART any more, this line can be left as a no connect.

The bootloader enable is active low. It is used to bootload the module via UART. If not intending to use this functionality place a pullup on this line.

UART RX and TX are internally idle high. If configured, and not intending to use UART anymore, these lines can be left as no connects.

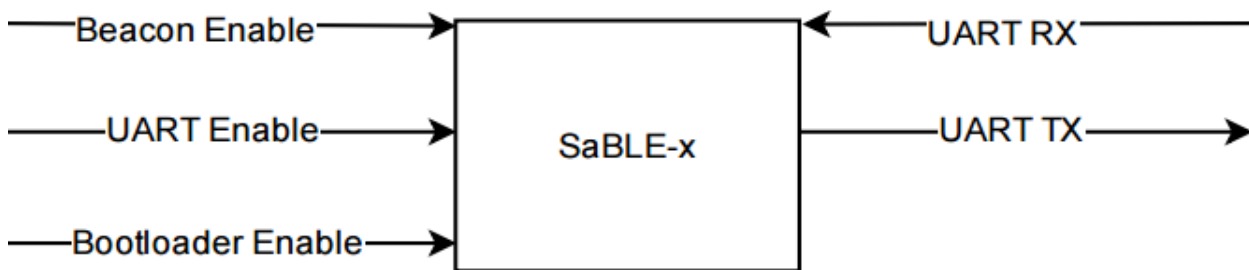


Figure 1: Simple Advertiser Block Diagram

Configuring the SaBLE-x as any one of these beacons can be done via the Developer Tool Suite. Simply choose the “Binary” API mode when starting the application:

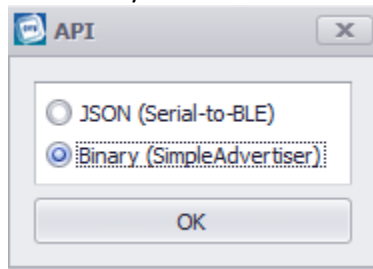


Figure 2: Selection of Binary (SimpleAdvertiser) protocol in the Developer Tool Suite

Next select the “Beacon Configuration Tool” tile.

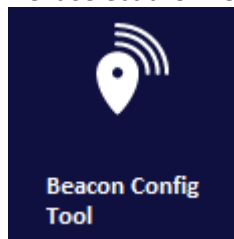


Figure 3: Selection of the Beacon Configuration Tool in the Developer Tool Suite

2 HARDWARE SETUP ON THE SABLE-X DEVELOPMENT BOARD

S1 (DIO7) has been repurposed as the beacon enable. It is configured as an input no pull, it must be driven either high or low. It is active low. The pin is read during boot and run time.

If you would like to use S1 as the beacon enable that is fine, but it is likely not practical. If you would like beaconing enabled you should create a break on this line by disabling it on the dip switch, take the corresponding header pin, and tie it to ground.

SPI_CS (DIO10) has been repurposed as the UART enable. It is configured as an input pulled up. It is active low. The pin is read during boot and run time. If you configure a module and place it on a board and do not intend on ever using UART it is safe to leave this line as a no connect.

If using UART, you should create a break on this line by disabling it on the dip switch, take the corresponding header pin, and tie it to ground.

3 UART PROTOCOL

The Simple Advertiser uses a binary protocol:

Table 1 - Host to Device

	Start Byte (0x01)	Length (Entire Message)	Setting Index	Get Set Byte (0=Get, 1=Set)	Setting Value	CRC-CCITT16	End Byte (0x04)
Number of bytes	1	1	2 - LSB	1	n	2 – LSB	1

When getting a value the Setting Value field is omitted.

Table 2 - Device to Host

	Start Byte (0x01)	Length (Entire Message)	Setting Index	Error Code	Setting Value	CRC-CCITT16	End Byte (0x04)
Number of bytes	1	1	2 - LSB	2 - LSB	n	2 – LSB	1

- 1) When the host is *getting* a value it omits the Setting Value Field. For example, this is the sequence of bytes for the host to get the firmware version:
 - 0x01, Start Byte
 - 0x08, Length Byte
 - 0x00, Setting Index LSB
 - 0x00, Setting Index MSB
 - 0x00, Get/Set Byte
 - 0x9E, CRC LSB
 - 0x3E, CRC MSB
 - 0x04, End Byte

- 2) When the host is *setting* a value, the module's response omits the Setting Value Field. For example, this is the sequence of bytes in hex the module sends in response to a "Set Beacon Type" message:
 - 0x01, Start Byte
 - 0x09, Length Byte
 - 0x03, Setting Index LSB
 - 0x00, Setting Index MSB
 - 0x00, Error Code LSB
 - 0x00, Error Code MSB
 - 0x10, CRC LSB
 - 0x78, CRC MSB
 - 0x04, End Byte

- 3) When the host is *getting* a value, and the module's response has a **non-zero Error Code** the response omits the Setting Value Field. For example, this is the sequence of bytes in hex the module sends in response to a "Set Beacon Payload" message when the payload is too large:
 - 0x01, Start Byte
 - 0x09, Length Byte
 - 0x04, Setting Index LSB
 - 0x00, Setting Index MSB
 - 0x04, Error Code LSB
 - 0x10, Error Code MSB
 - 0xC8, CRC LSB
 - 0xF7, CRC MSB
 - 0x04, End Byte

The CRC-CCITT16 is calculated using a seed of 0xFFFF. The calculation is provided in source code.

4 ERROR CODES

INVALID_CRC: 0x1000

GET_SET_OR_SETTING_INDEX_OUT_OF_BOUNDS: 0x1001

INVALID_MESSAGE_LEN: 0x1002

MESSAGE_TIMEOUT: 0x1003

INVALID_SETTING_VALUE: 0x1004

INVALID_OPERATION: 0x1005

If the integrity of the message is unknown the setting index in the response will be 0xFFFF. This will occur for an invalid CRC, invalid message length, and message timeout.

Any error returned in the range of 0x01 – 0xFF is a TI BLE stack related error.

5 SETTING INDICES

For more information click this tile in the binary mode of the Developer Tool Suite:



Figure 4: Selection of API viewer in the Developer Tool Suite

Table 3 - A brief overview of the setting indices:

Setting Index	Associated Setting	Description
0x0000	Firmware Version	Read Only
0x0001	Beacon Interval	The interval at which the device beacons. In units of 625us. Example: 0x00A0 = 160. 160x625us = 100ms.
0x0002	Beacon Led Interval	Values of 0x0000-0x0064 mean that the LED will not blink. Only active when beaconing. Max value of 0xFFFF.
0x0003	Beacon Type	0x00 = Custom 0x01 = iBeacon 0x02 = Eddystone

0x0004	Beacon Payload	3-28 bytes of beaconing (advertising) data. Pre-appended with a length byte. Do not include the AD Flags from the spec. This is done for you in the firmware and is the reason 3 of the 31 bytes are not usable.
0x0005	Scan Response Payload	3-31 bytes of scan response data. Pre-appended with a length byte. If not using, set it to 0x00,0x00,0x00.
0x0006	Power Level	<p>0x00 = -21dBm</p> <p>0x01 = -18dBm</p> <p>0x02 = -15dBm</p> <p>0x03 = -12dBm</p> <p>0x04 = -9dBm</p> <p>0x05 = -6dBm</p> <p>0x06 = -3dBm</p> <p>0x07 = 0dBm</p> <p>0x08 = 1dBm</p> <p>0x09 = 2dBm</p> <p>0x0A = 3dBm</p> <p>0x0B = 4dBm</p> <p>0x0C = 5dBm</p>
0xFFFF	Global Error	Used to return an error code when the integrity of the message received is unknown, thus the setting index is unknown.

6 LOADING THE FIRMWARE

The complete hex is provided in the zip file. To load the hex file select the “Wired Bootloader” in the Developer Tool Suite:



Figure 5: Selection of the Wired Bootloader in the Developer Tool Suite

Next select the COM port connected to the SaBLE-x development board and select the SimpleAdvertiser.hex. Please ensure that DIO9, DIO1, DIO0, and Reset are connected to the module via the dip switches before attempting to bootload.

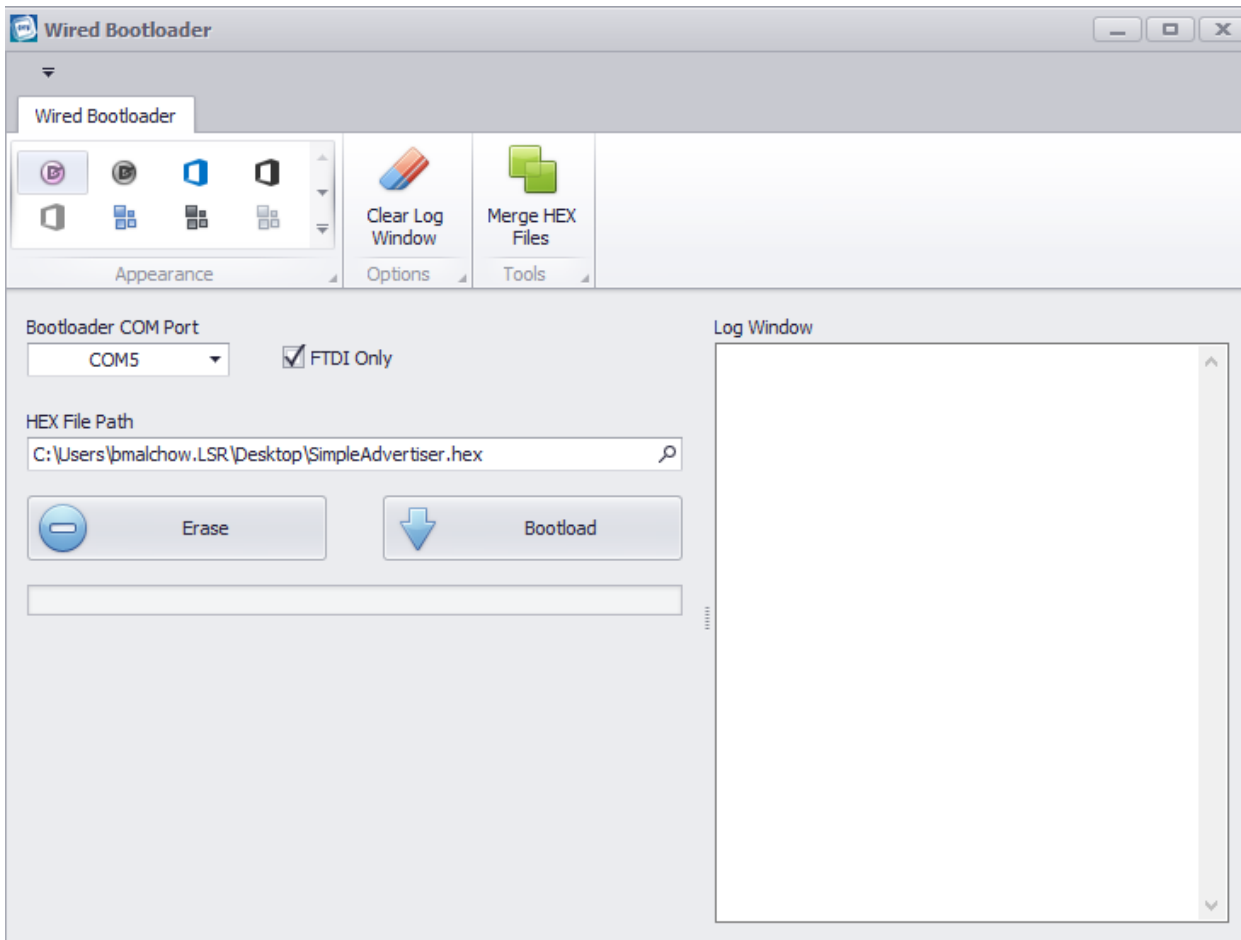


Figure 6: Criteria for loading the firmware in the Wired Bootloader

7 BUILDING THE PROJECT FROM SOURCE CODE

The complete IAR project is provided in the zip file. It requires TI BLE Stack 2.1.1, and that it be installed in the default install directory:

```
C:\ti\simplelink\ble_cc26xx_2_01_01_44627
```

Take the SimpleAdvertiser folder in the zip file and copy/extract it to the following directory:

```
C:\ti\simplelink\ble_cc26xx_2_01_01_44627\Projects\ble
```

Next copy the OSAL_ICallBle.c file from the directory:

```
C:\ti\simplelink\ble_cc26xx_2_01_01_44627\Projects\ble\SimpleBLEBroadcaster\CC26xx\Source\Stack
```

And paste it into the new SimpleAdvertiser project here:

```
C:\ti\simplelink\ble_cc26xx_2_01_01_44627\Projects\ble\SimpleAdvertiser\CC26xx\Source\Stack
```

The project can now be opened with IAR.

8 APPENDIX

8.1. SIG AD Types

SIG AD Types Hyperlink

<https://www.bluetooth.org/en-us/specification/assigned-numbers/generic-access-profile>

8.2. iBeacon Overview

Apple iBeacon Hyperlink

<https://developer.apple.com/ibeacon/Getting-Started-with-iBeacon.pdf>

8.3. Eddystone Overview

Google Eddystone Hyperlink

<https://github.com/google/eddystone>

9 CONTACTING LSR/LAIRD

Headquarters	LSR/Laird W66 N220 Commerce Court Cedarburg, WI 53012-2636 USA Tel: 1(262) 375-4400 Fax: 1(262) 375-4248
Website	https://www.lsr.com/
Technical Support	http://info.lsr.com/contact
Sales Contact	sales@lsr.com

© Copyright 2016 Laird. All Rights Reserved. Patent pending. Any information furnished by Laird and its agents is believed to be accurate and reliable. All specifications are subject to change without notice. Responsibility for the use and application of Laird materials or products rests with the end user since Laird and its agents cannot be aware of all potential uses. Laird makes no warranties as to non-infringement nor as to the fitness, merchantability, or sustainability of any Laird materials or products for any specific or general uses. Laird, Laird Technologies, Inc., or any of its affiliates or agents shall not be liable for incidental or consequential damages of any kind. All Laird products are sold pursuant to the Laird Terms and Conditions of Sale in effect from time to time, a copy of which will be furnished upon request. When used as a tradename herein, *Laird* means Laird PLC or one or more subsidiaries of Laird PLC. Laird™, Laird Technologies™, corresponding logos, and other marks are trademarks or registered trademarks of Laird. Other marks may be the property of third parties. Nothing herein provides a license under any Laird or any third party intellectual property right.